
Fraunhofer-Institute for Optronics, System Technology and Image Exploitation IOSB

OPC-UA as enabling technology for plug-and-work on MES level

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Espoo, October 9, 2012



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Agenda

1. Terms and motivation
2. Goal and enabler: OPC UA
3. Plug-and-work on MES level by means of OPC UA based middleware
4. Conclusion and Outlook

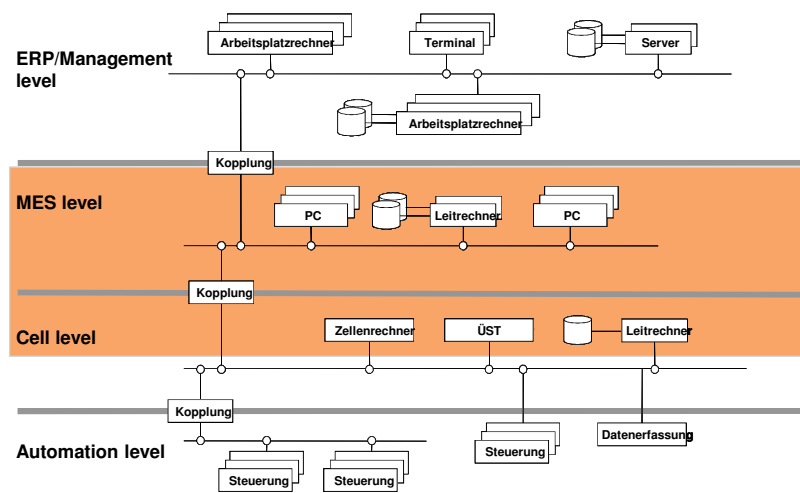
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1. Definition ‚production-related IT-Systems‘ [Betriebshütte, VDI 5600-1]

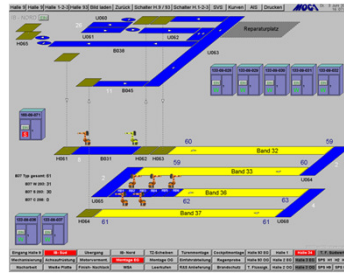


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1. MES at Fraunhofer IOSB

- Manufacturing Execution Systems (MES)
 - Are production management software systems with direct access to the field controllers e.g. PLCs
 - Aggregate actual state of production and calculate KPIs
 - Are a system type with specific domain language within the heterogeneous IT landscape in production environment
 - Collect and use data and information from different heterogeneous data sources
- The integrated monitoring & reporting system from IOSB consists of
 - ProVis.Agent® for monitoring & control,
 - ProVis.Visu® for real-time visualization,
 - ProVis.Paula® for web based reporting.

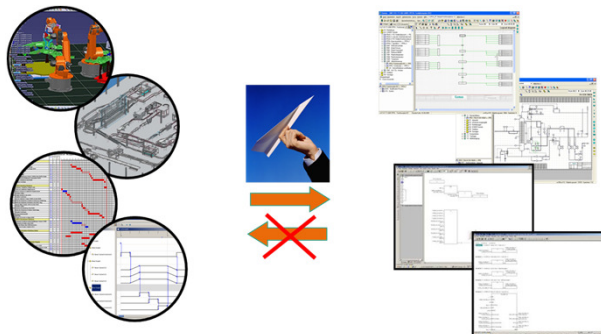


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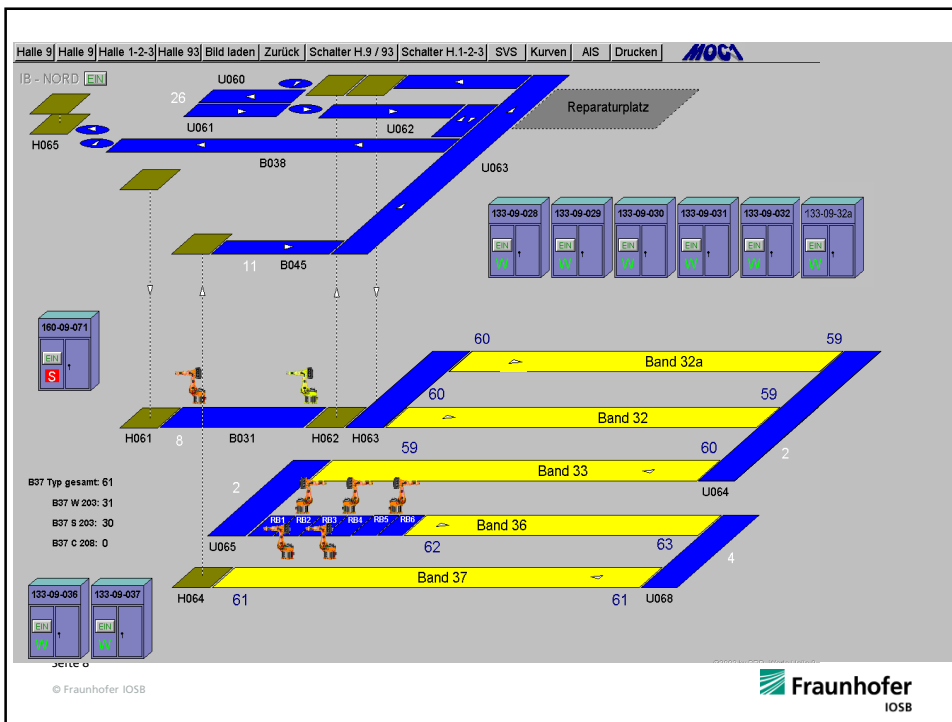
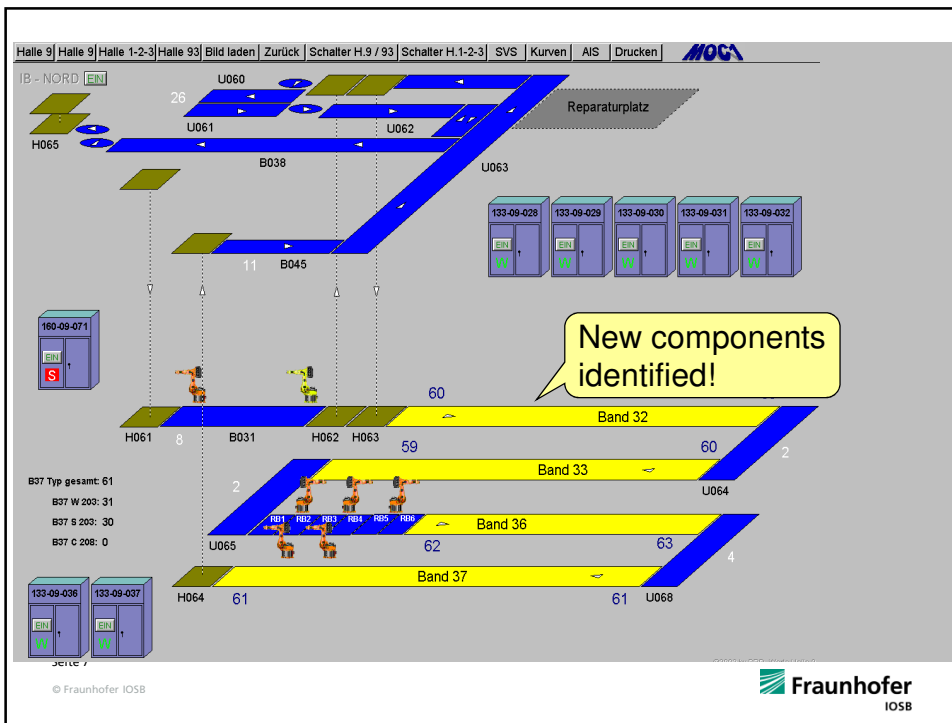
1. Motivation

- Plant planning process = complex process divided into several planning phases with many different disciplines involved
- Before using a production monitoring & control system: Engineering
- Engineer gets information as hall layout, signal list, etc. and creates visualization manually → time-intensive, cost-intensive, error-prone
- Usage of one homogeneous data and modeling format for the exchange between different tools would help



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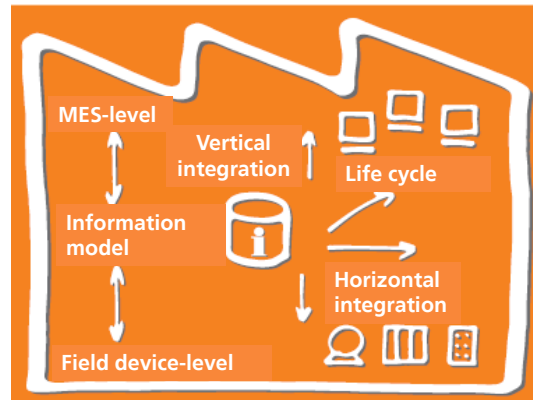
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2. Goal and enabler

- Consistent data for MES and engineers involved in production planning
- Enhanced data exchange
- Integrated computer-assisted planning
- Simplified production planning and re-planning (on MES level)
- Problems
 - What to communicate? (content)
 - How to communicate? (process)

- **Enabling Technology: OPC-UA**

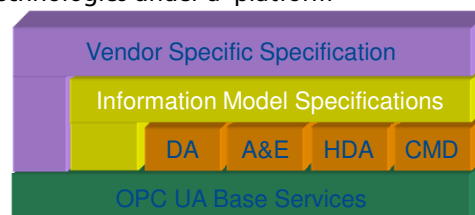


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2. OPC Unified Architecture (OPC UA)

- Provides mechanisms for the standardized, asynchronous, distributed communication
- Supports process communication in a structured way
- Unifies all previous OPC-based technologies under a 'platform-independent umbrella'
- Base services: abstract method descriptions
- User-defined information model: Full-mesh network of nodes
- Fraunhofer IOSB is corporate member in OPC Foundation
- Since 2007 we use OPC UA in different industrial research & development projects
- Production monitoring & control system ProVis.Agent supports OPC UA as one communication possibility



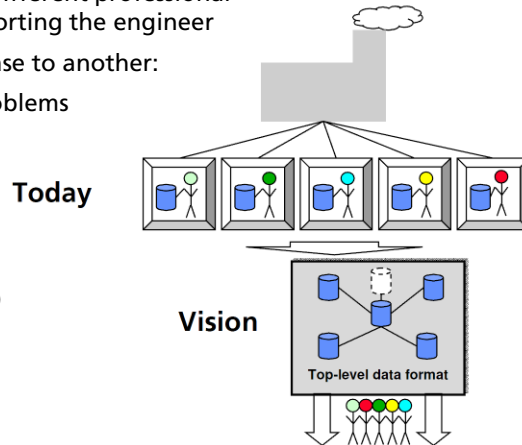
Source:
OPC DevCon 10.-12.10.2006, München
T.J. Burke, OPC Foundation

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2. OPC UA as enabling technology

- Within planning phases: Different professional and specialized tools supporting the engineer
- At transition from one phase to another:
 - Data incompatibility problems
 - Semantic gap
 - Data exchange via excel, telephone, or paper based information (e.g. printed hall layout)

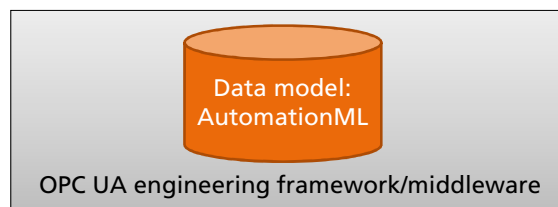


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3. Intelligent middleware using OPC-UA

- How to communicate?
 - OPC UA as standardized communication technology for planning data & electronic change propagation
- What to communicate?
 - AutomationML as standardized exchange format & integrated data model



- Supports mechatronic, cross-discipline plant engineering

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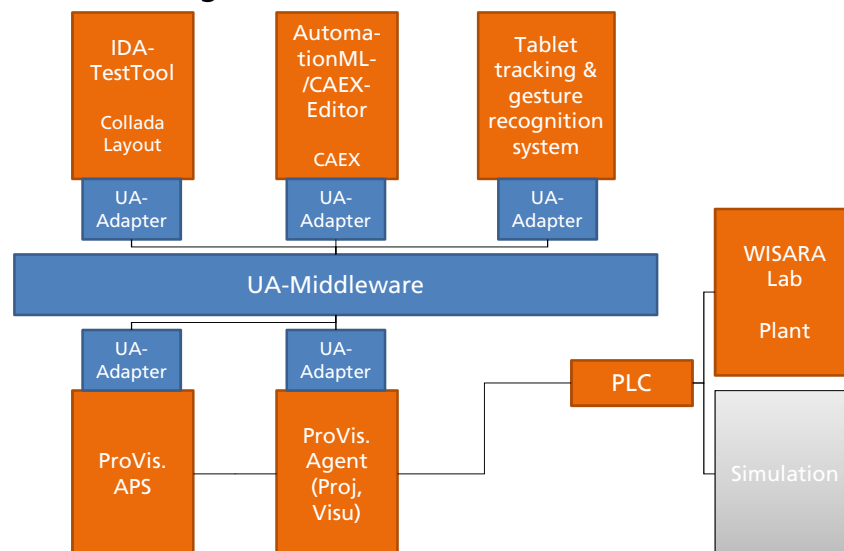
3. Data management and communication middleware

- Architecture:
 - Middleware server
 - Clients with adapters to middleware
- Requirements
 - Read and write data in different structures
 - Support implementation of AutomationML as data model
 - Connection monitoring and communication
 - Problem handling (connection interrupt, communication problems, ...)
 - Access rights
 - Real-time requirements \leftrightarrow no data loss
 - Asynchronous data transmission
 - Support of different HW platforms (e.g. Windows, Android, ...)

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3. Data management and communication middleware



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3. Data management and communication middleware

- Standardized communication
 - Well-defined interfaces for all involved partners
 - Integrated information model
 - Change management
 - Change propagation
 - Different views on data
- OPC UA was made for these requirements (originally)
- No further effort

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3. AutomationML as glue

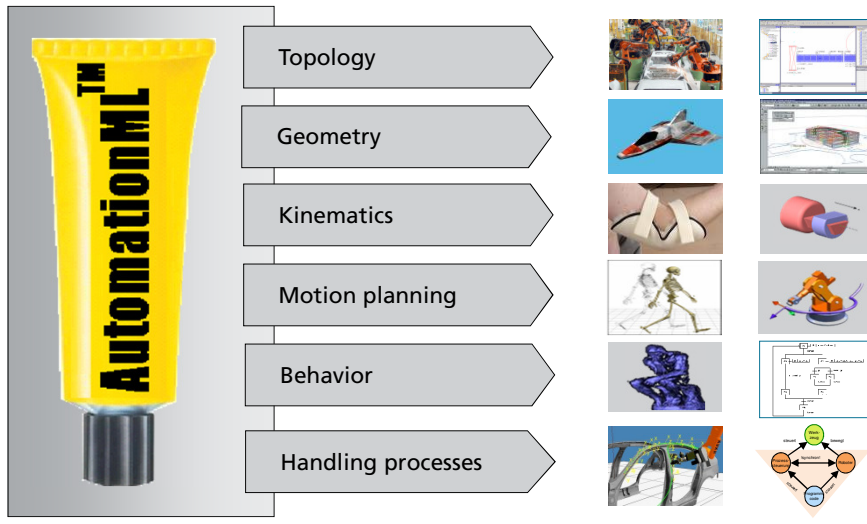
- Unified language
- Plant description
- Close gaps
 - Between product development and production
 - For interoperability between tools
 - For all phases of engineering
 - Based on a scalable data format
 - As open standard with market acceptance
- Actual status:
Progress towards IEC standard series



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3. Mechatronical units with AutomationML

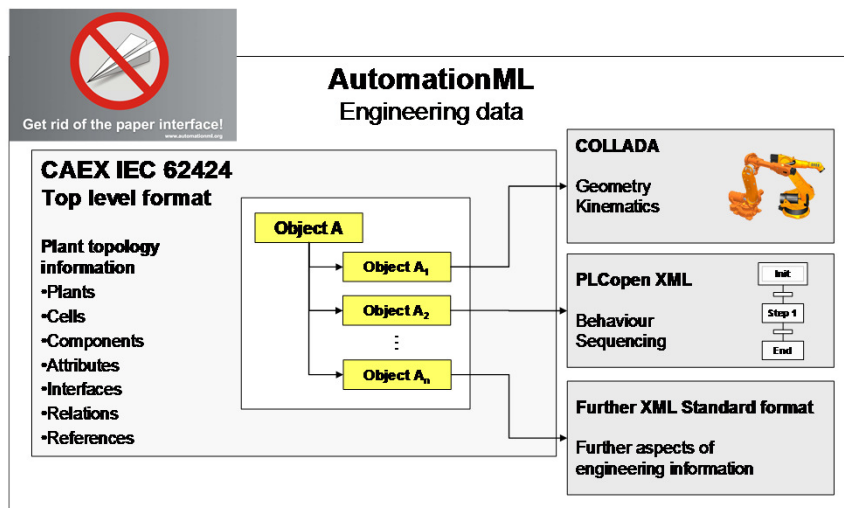


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3. Top-level architecture of AutomationML



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3. Example: AutomationML model – plant components

- AutomationML includes different library types (plant component types, interfaces and roles) and a concrete plant hierarchy with its components

The screenshot shows the CAEXEditor interface. On the left, a tree view displays a hierarchy: 'Projekt 1' -> 'Cell' -> 'Ressource' -> 'TB1'. A callout box points to 'TB1' with the text 'Plant component TB1 with Name, ID'. Below the tree, another callout box points to the 'New InterfaceClassLib' button with the text 'Derived from plant type Transportband'. On the right, the properties panel for 'TB1' is shown, with fields for Name (TB1), ID ((2222a241-1c30-47a1-bc07-3dc498387ce9)), and RefBaseSystemUnitPath (New SystemUnitClassLib/Transportband).

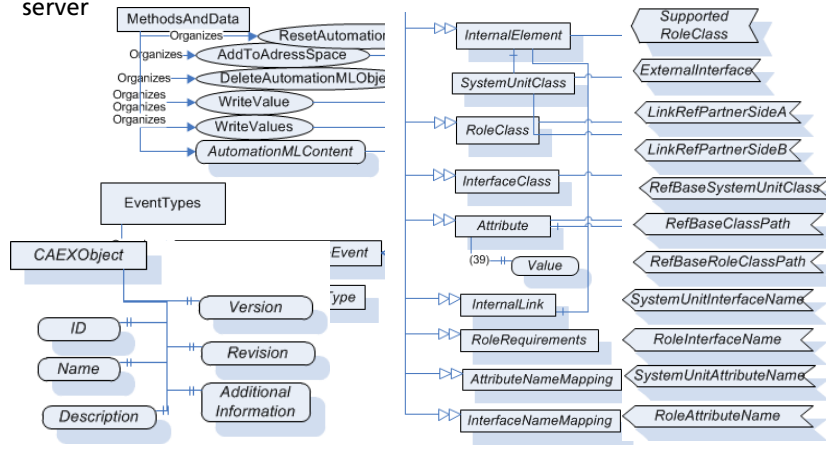
3. Example: AutomationML model – information about single component

- Detail information for TB1 (CAEX and COLLADA)

The screenshot shows the detailed properties for component 'TB1'. The left pane lists attributes: '[Attribute] Frame' (with sub-attributes x, y, z, rx, ry, rz), '[ExternalInterface] Signal2', '[ExternalInterface] Signal1', '[ExternalInterface] Transportband1-PPRConnector', '[ExternalInterface] ColladaRepresentationInterface', and '[Attribute] refType'. A callout box points to the 'Frame' attribute with the text 'Frame: Position and orientation in 3D space'. Another callout box points to the interface list with the text 'Different interfaces'. A third callout box points to the 'refType' attribute with the text 'Semantic/meaning of component: Transport'. The right pane shows the '3D-representation (Collada)' section, with a callout box pointing to the 'Value' field containing 'Staurollerf_Mittelst_L6m_B800_aufgst.dae#extraTag'.

3. Data base, data modeling and data management

- Communication infrastructure based on OPC Unified Architecture (UA)
- Implementation of AutomationML model in information model of UA server



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3. Example: Digital Engineering Table - DigET

- Public funded research project, 2010-2012
- Interactive assistant system for multi user engineering
- Combination of standards such as AutomationML and OPC UA with assistance mechanism and an interactive environment
- Consistent planning and intuitive interaction with IT systems (e.g. via gestures)
- Multi display hardware environment with interaction possibility and collaboration assistance
- OPC UA middleware with integrated AutomationML information model and conflict handling



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4. Conclusion and Outlook

■ Conclusion

- MES needs engineering information from different other tools and disciplines
- Need for an integrated data model
- OPC UA is enabler for plug-and-work mechanism
- Combination of standardized data format AutomationML and standardized communication and data processing technology OPC UA
- Integration of AutomationML as information model in OPC UA

■ Outlook

- Necessity to rely on existing UA companion standards
- (MES is current topic within OPC Foundation)

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Thank you for the attention!



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Impressum

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MES level

Espoo, October 2012

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